



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

HAWAII.

Report from Honolulu—Outgoing quarantine transactions.

Acting Chief Quarantine Officer Ramus reports, September 8:

Week ended September 7, 1907.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued.....	5
Vessels disinfected and bills of health issued.....	2
Cabin passengers inspected.....	231
Steorage passengers inspected.....	108
Crew inspected.....	162
Steorage baggage disinfected.....	90
Baggage for crew disinfected.....	133
Hides disinfected.....	888

Examination of rats for plague infection at Honolulu.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Currie reports that during the week ended September 7, 217 rats were examined bacteriologically at the plague laboratory of the Service at Honolulu. Plague infection was proven in the case of 2 rats from Olaa Plantation, near Hilo.

HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Reynolds reports as follows: Week ended September 15, 1907. Present officially estimated population, 6,500. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Sept. 9	Spero.....	19	0	0	0
11	Katie.....	23	0	0	0
12	Bratten.....	16	2	0	0
13	Joseph Vaccaro.....	31	6	0	0
14	Banan.....	17	1	0	0
15	Viator.....	17	0	0	0

Reports from Puerto Cortez, fruit port—Stegomyia calopus not numerous—Antimosquito work continued.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ames reports as follows: Week ended September 7, 1907. Present officially estimated population, about 2,400. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country, excellent. Antimosquito work continues. Few *Stegomyia calopus* found.